

**IN THE SPECIFICATION:**

Please amend the Title of the Invention to read as follows:

**LIQUID CRYSTAL DISPLAY MONITOR HAVING AN IMPROVED  
STRUCTURE FOR MOUNTING A LIQUID CRYSTAL DISPLAY MODULE**

Please amend the specification to read as follows:

Please amend the last paragraph on page 3 continuing on page 4 as follows:

In the TN-type active-matrix type liquid crystal display panel, when a voltage is not applied across the liquid crystal layer, the linearly polarized light entering the liquid crystal layer through the entrance-side polarizer propagates along the twist of the liquid crystal molecules of the liquid crystal layer, if the transmission axis of the exit-side polarizer is coincident with the azimuthal angle of the plane of polarization of the linearly polarized light leaving the liquid crystal layer, all the linearly polarized light exits from the liquid crystal display panel [[1]] to produce a white display (the so-called normally open mode), but, on the other hand, when a voltage is across the liquid crystal layer, a director which is a unit vector representing a direction of the average alignment of the axes of the liquid crystal molecules of the liquid crystal layer is perpendicular to the major surface of the substrate, therefore the azimuthal angle of the plane of polarization of the linearly polarized light entering the liquid crystal layer is not changed, and consequently, the azimuthal angle of the plane of polarization of the linearly polarized light leaving the liquid crystal layer becomes coincident with that of the absorption axis of the exit-side polarizer, and produces a black display (For further detail, see "Basics and Application of Liquid Crystal," Industrial Research Association, Tokyo, 1991.).

Please amend the first full paragraph on page 40 as follows:

In the liquid crystal display monitor shown in FIGS. 7A, 7B, 8 and 9, the structures for mounting the liquid crystal display modules MDL to the monitor case CAS of the liquid crystal

display monitors do not increase the width of the monitor case CAS, and consequently, the outside dimensions of the liquid crystal display monitors per se [[ser]] do not need to be increased. Therefore the present invention provides the liquid crystal display monitor having a display screen appearing visually large.

Please amend the last two paragraphs on page 46 as follows:

The liquid crystal display panel PNL, the light diffusing plate SCT and the downlight type illuminating device [[MCA]] are held in place by the molded case MCA, and are assembled together with the upper frame SHD as an integral unit.

The liquid crystal display module MDL is fixed to the liquid crystal display monitor by inserting screws SCR into the tapped holes NAT made in portions of the lower frame MCA corresponding to the peaks of the corrugated reflective plate RFP [[REF]] from the end of the tapped holes NAT facing the monitor case CAS of the liquid crystal display monitor, and engaging the screws SCR with the tapped holes NAT.

Please amend the first paragraph on page 47 as follows:

As explained above, in this embodiment, the tapped holes NAT are positioned at positions of the lower frame MCA corresponding to spaces below the peaks of the corrugated reflective plate RFP [[REF]], and consequently, this arrangement eliminates the need for increasing the thickness of the liquid crystal display module for the purpose of mounting the liquid crystal display module. Further, like the embodiment shown in FIG. 14, this embodiment does not need provision of the mounting structure at the sidewall of the liquid crystal display module which interferes with the reduction of a border area around a useful display area of the liquid crystal display module, therefore the outside dimensions of the liquid crystal display monitor are not increased, the reduction of a border area around the useful display area of the liquid crystal display module per se is easily realized, and consequently, this embodiment provides the liquid crystal display monitor the display screen of which appears visually large.

Please amend the last paragraph on page 51 as follows:

The drain driver 211 comprises a data latch section for display data and an output-voltage generating circuit. A gray-scale reference voltage generating section 208, a multiplexer 209, a common-electrode voltage generating section 202, a common-electrode driver 203, a level shift circuit 207, a gate-on voltage generating section 204, a gate-off voltage generating section 205 and a DC-DC ~~DC-DC~~ converter 212 are provided in the power supply circuit PWU.